# hyundai DP158LC



### DESCRIPTION

- Easy installation, high performance, fuel efficiency and durability, which engine users always look for, are in DP158 L-Series engine.
- With Hyundai's engineering expertise, DP158 L-Series engines obtain the maximum power output and fuel efficiency while maintaining mechanical type that helps customers manage an engine more easily and conveniently.
- The most appealing part is simple design minimizing an impact of installation and maintenance.

## FEATURES & BENEFITS

#### [High Fuel Efficiency]

- Improved fuel efficiency
- Fuel consumption reduction thanks to stable combustion

### [High Durability]

- New and strengthened key parts
- Improved durability with reinforced exhaust manifold
- High performance radiator

### [Easy Installation]

- Redesigned engine mounting bracket
- Repositioned turbochargers
- Easy installation in cold region

# OUTPUT

#### 1,500 RPM (50Hz) 1,800 RPM (60Hz) Standby Prime Continuous Standby Prime Continuous kWm kWe kVA 407 408 368 286 254 466 449 509 460 318 513 460 575 415 519 326 284 355

• Generator efficiency (typical) : 94.0%

 kWm= kilo Watt mechanical, Gross power; kWe= kilo Watt electric = (kWm-Fan loss) x Generator eff. kVA= kilo Volt Ampere Calculations based on a 0.8 power factor = kWe/0.8



### [Easy Maintenance]

- Mechanical type engine
- Commonality of key parts

### [Safety Design]

- New belt cover and heat screen for safety and beautification
- The fuel strainer is repositioned to secure sufficient space with the turbocharger so as to prevent fire caused by overheat of an engine



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# GENERAL DATA

Diesel, Water cooled, Turbo charged & Intercooled
128mm
142mm
14.62
Cast iron, 8 Cylinder, Vee-Type
27.5V x 45A alternator
24V
Mechanical Injection Pump
Full flow, Cartridge type with water drain valve.
Full flow, Cartridge type
Max. 22 liters , Min. 13 liters
SAE NO. 1M / Clutch NO. 14 M

COOLING SYSTEM			
Cooling method		Jacket Water and Charge Air Cooled	
Cooling ratio		50% ethylene glycol; 50% water	
Water capacity (L)	with radiator	79liters	
	Without radiator	20liters	
Fan power (kW)		16kW(50Hz), 24kW(60Hz)	
Cooling system air	flow (mႆ/min)	11.67(50Hz), 14.17(60Hz)	

# FUEL CONSUMPTION

### 1,500 RPM (50Hz)

%	kWm	BHP	Liters/hr	USgal/hr		
Standby Power						
100	449.0	602.1	110.9	29.30		
Prime Power						
100	408.0	547.1	99.6	26.31		
75	306.0	410.3	72.9	19.26		
50	204.0	273.6	48.9	12.92		
25	102.0	136.8	27.6	7.29		
Continuous Power						
100	286.0					

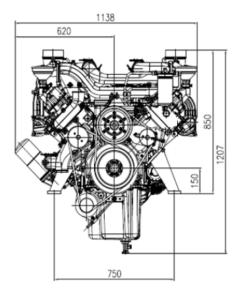
### 1,800 RPM (60Hz)

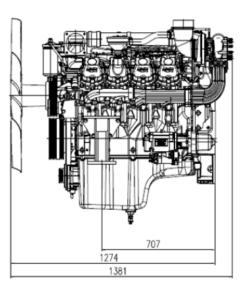
_,,						
%	kWm	BHP	Liters/hr	USgal/hr		
Standby Power						
100	513.0	687.9	123.8	32.70		
Prime Power						
100	466.0	624.9	110.9	29.30		
75	349.5	468.7	80.5	21.27		
50	233.0	312.5	53.4	14.11		
25	116.5	156.2	29.6	7.82		
Continuous Power						
100	326.0					



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# DIMENSIONS





Weights and Dimensions						
Item	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)	Dry Weight (kg)		
Engine	1,381	1,138	1,207	1,155		

## POWER RATING GUIDE

The power ratings of Emergency Standby and Prime are in accordance with ISO 8528. Fuel Stop power in accordance with ISO 3046. Electric power (kWe) must be considered cooling fan loss, alternator efficiency, altitude derating and ambient temperature.

**ESP(STANDBY POWER)** is applicable for supplying emergency power for the duration of the utility power outage. No overload capability is available for this rating. A standby rated engine should be sized for a maximum of an 70% average load factor and 200 hours of operation per year. This includes less than 25 hours per year at the Standby Power rating.

**PRP(PRIME POWER)** is available for an unlimited number of hours per year in variable load application. Variable load should not exceed a 70% average of the Prime Power rating during any operating period of 24 hours. The Total operating time at 100% Prime Power shall not exceed 500 hours per year. A 10% overload capability is available for a period of 1 hour within a 12 hours period of operation. Total operating time at the 10% overload power shall not exceed 25 hours per year.

**COP(CONTINUOUS POWER)** is defined as being the maximum power which the generating set is capable of delivering continuously whilst supplying a constant electrical load when operated for an unlimited number of hours per year under the agreed operating conditions with the maintenance intervals and procedures being carried out as prescribed by the manufacturer.

 $\ensuremath{\mathbbmm{X}}$  Specifications are subject to change without prior notice.

